## Bus Rapid Transit System Surat & Ahmedabad

Projects under *JnNURM*Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India

## Surat Municipal Corporation Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation

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# **Surat today**

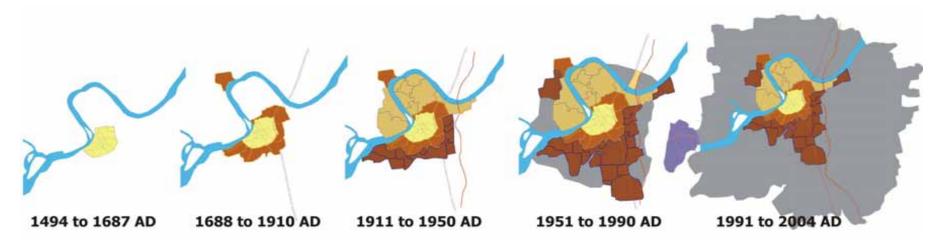
- **Population 4.6Million** (2011)
- Municipal Area 326 sqkm
- •High Density 12750/sq.km
- •9th largest city in India
- Large Migrant Population
  - •56 % of the city's population

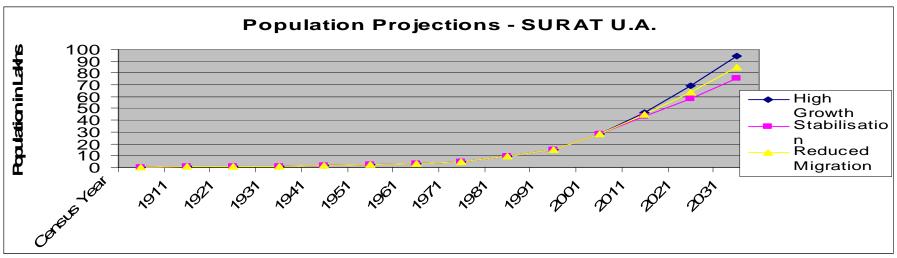


#### •Manufacturing City: (Diamond & Textiles)

- 42 % of the world's total rough diamond cutting and polishing
- -40 % of the nation's total diamond exports
- 40 % of the nation's total man made fabric production
- -18 % of the nation's total man made fibre export

# **SURAT – City Growth**

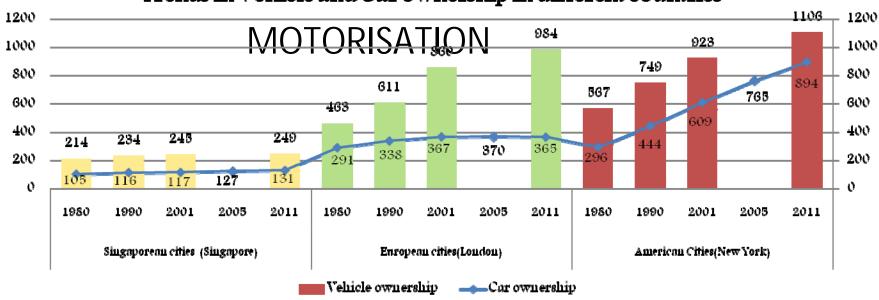




## Recorded 60%+ decadal growth over 5 decades

#### **SURAT – Motorisation**





#### INDIA - LOW CAR OWNERSHIP

50-75 cars per 1000 people

Two wheelers – 200 per 1000 people

- Will they move to Car?
- Will they move to Bus?

Bicycles – 100 per 1000 people – What are we doing for them?

# **City Public Transport**



45000 Autos operating like Public Transport!

# **SURAT – With some Public Transport**



Challenge for Surat
To create Sustainable High Quality Public Transport

# **SURAT –** With BRTS



Ahmedabad Municipal Corporation and Surat Municipal Corporation : Government of Gujarat
Technical Assistance: Centre of Excellence in Urban Transport, CEPT University, Ahmedabad. (An initiative of the Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India)

# **SURAT –** Public Transport System

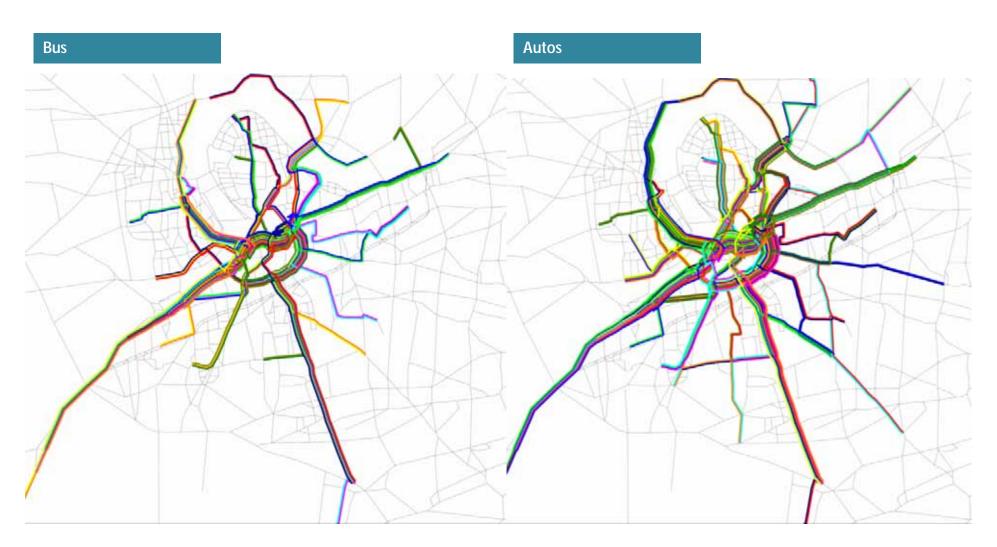
#### **Existing Situation Analysis**

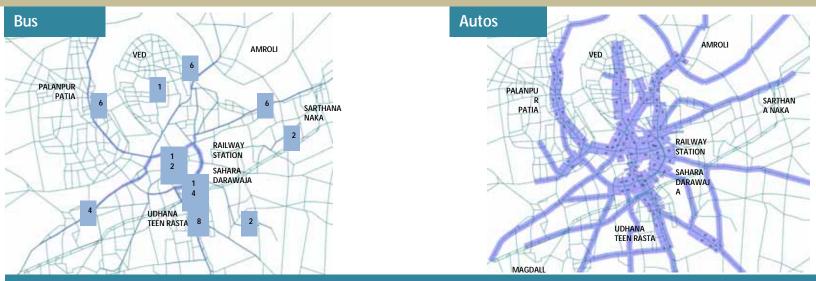
#### Overview

- » 4.6 Million People
- » City Buses
  - » Bus routes 41 routes
  - » Fleet size 111 buses
  - » Ridership approx 50,000 passengers/day
- » Auto-rickshaws functioning as shared autos
  - » Auto Routes 37 major routes
  - » No. of autos around 45,000 nos.
  - » Ridership approx 1.6 million passengers/day

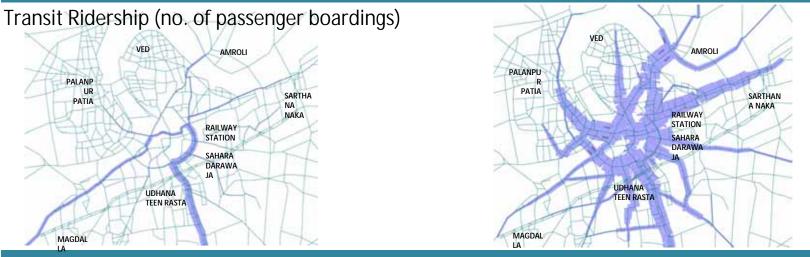


#### Routes





#### Bus headways 30-160 mins, easy availability of shared autos



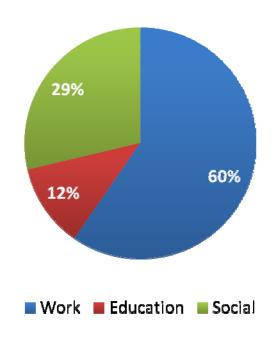
50000 trips/day on buses in comparison to 1.65 million on autos

## Auto Passenger Survey - Analysis

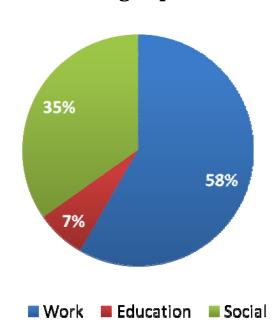
Total shared auto trips (16 hrs/day): 16,30,232

Average Trip Length: 6.9 Km

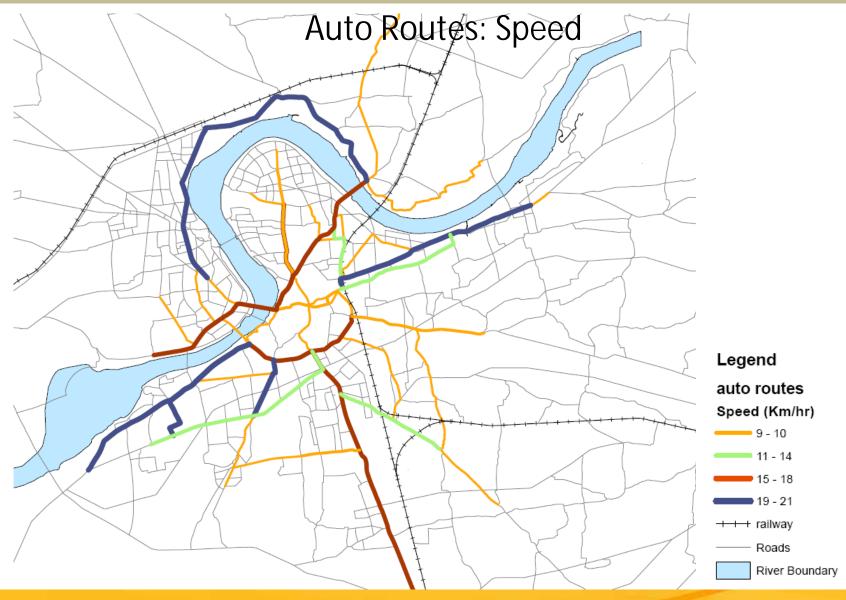
#### **Morning trips**



#### **Evening trips**



Source: Primary Survey, 2009



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## Willingness to Shift Survey

» Results indicate around 6 lakh trips would use the proposed PT system

Journey Time Ranges (mins)	Total trips (in lakh)	Willingness to Shift	Proportional Trips (in lakh)
0 – 10	2.9	17 %	0.5
10 – 20	3.5	40 %	1.4
> 20	9.9	43 %	4.2
Total	16.3		6.1

Source: Primary Survey, 2009

#### **SURAT - PROPOSED STRATEGIES**

- BRTS Development
- Feeder System Development
  - Bus based
  - Small Vehicle Option TATA Magic (GOG)
- Auto Rickshaw Strategy
  - Stop issue of licenses for new auto
  - Old auto replacement with small vehicle TATA Magic
- Integration
  - Single ticket /Smart card, token

#### **BUS to BRTS PLAN**



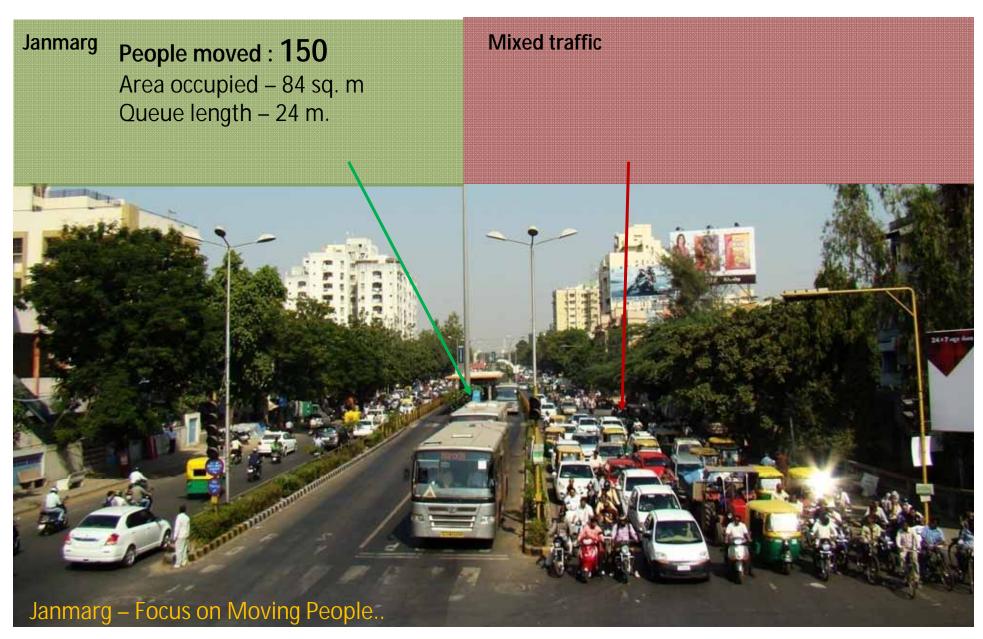
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#### **BRTS - COMMON APPREHENSENSIONS**

- Takes away road space!
- Roads will be congested!
- Very few buses given priority over large mixed traffic vehicles!
- Movement will be inefficient!
- Too much Investment Too little a benefit

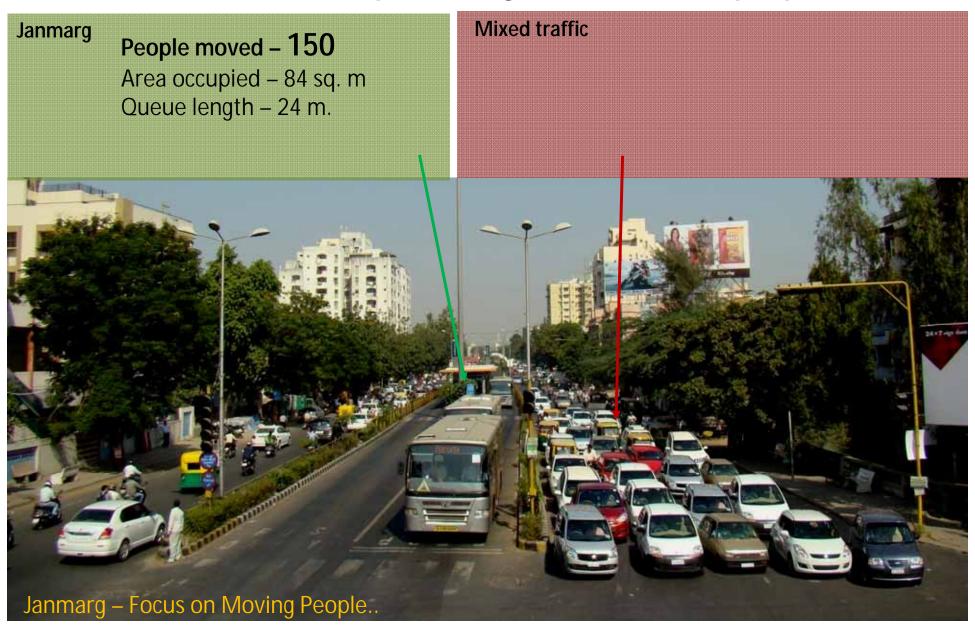
# Existing Scenario (Ahmedabad) November 2012

#### **MORE BUSES MEAN LESS TRAFFIC**



## MORE CARS MEANS LESS PEOPLE

MORE CARS – Constant queue Length- Reduction in people moved



#### MORE CARS – Same No of people – Longer Queue

Janmarg People moved – 150

Area occupied – 84 sq. m

Queue length - 24 m.

Mixed traffic People moved -77

Queue length - 183 m.

(Increase from 54 meters)



# Future Scenario: If the Traffic is Doubled

#### MORE CARS – Same No of people – Longer Queue

Janmarg People moved – 280

Area occupied – 135 sq. m

Queue length - 37 m.

18 M ARTICULATED BUS CAPACITY- 140

Mixed traffic Peop

People moved -155

Queue length - 210 m.

Phase time – 70 Seconds Cycle Length – 180 Seconds



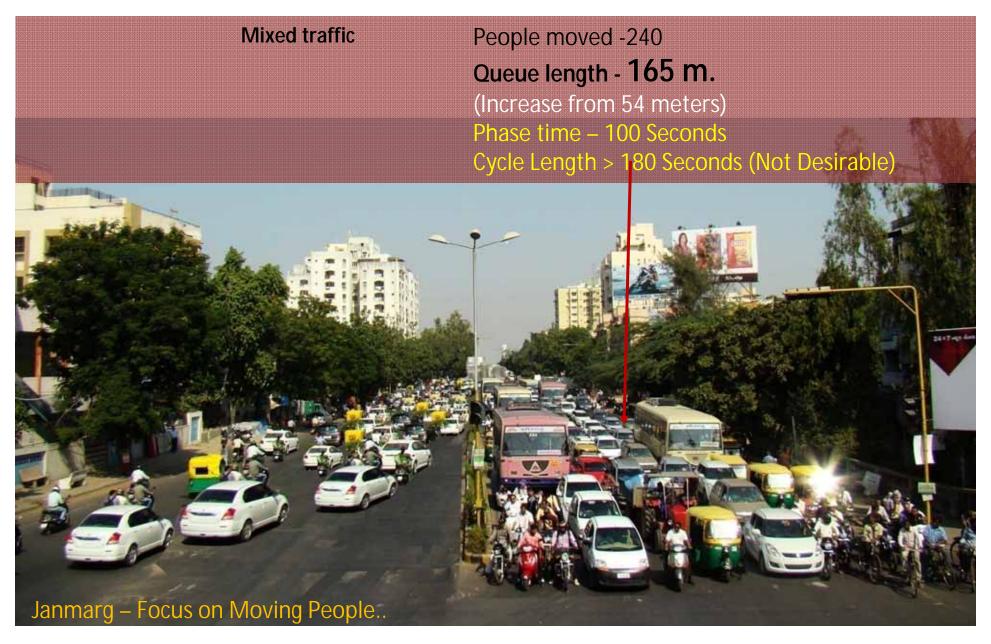
# Future scenario: if the traffic is tripled





# If BRTS did not exist

#### Present scenario- without BRTS



#### Future Scenario- (double traffic) without BRTS

Mixed traffic

People moved -240

Queue length - 463 m.

(Increase from 210 meters)

Phase Time – 200 Seconds+ (Not possible to

operate with At grade junction)



#### Future Scenario- (double traffic) without BRTS

Mixed traffic

People moved -610

Queue length - 630 m.

(Increase from 210 meters)

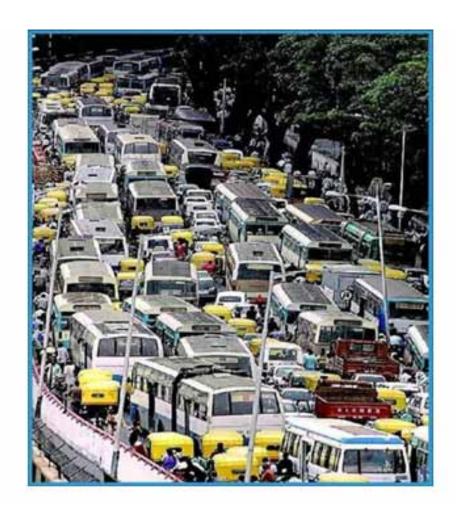
Phase time – 200 + Seconds

(At-grade operation impossible)

Total -Section length -537m



## **RESULT**





#### SIMULATION RESULTS FROM VISSIM

#### -- FROM HELMET TO SHIVARAJANI INTERSECTION

Origin - Destination		Length	With BRT		Without BRT	Saving	
			Average Delay (s)		Savings	Average	Average Delays w/o
From	То	(Km)	BRT	Mix Traffic	(s)	Delay (s)	BRT over with BRT
Helmet	Keshavbaug	2.1	103.5	338.605	235	394.49	3.8 times
Helmet	Shivaranajani	2.6	138	368	230	430.88	3.1 times

- The evaluation results indicate the average speed of 27.2 and 22-24 kmph for BRT and mixed traffic respectively.
- The evaluation results indicate the average speed under mixed traffic situation is 16-19 KMPH

# How do we use our roads?

# How do we use our roads?

	Plann	ned	On site situation		
Element	Width	% covered	Width	% covered	
Footpath	2.25m	15 %	2.25m	15 %	
Carriageway	9.25m	50%	7m	22%	
BRT lane	3.65m	25 %	3.65m	25 %	
BRT Stop	1.9m	25 /0	1.9m		
Parking	2.25	8 %	6m	36%	



# How much does BRTS costs?

#### **DIFFERENCE – TWO MEDIANS VS ONE MEDIAN**



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#### **HOW MUCH DOES BRTS COSTS?**

1. PROJECT COSTS – US \$ 3 Million/km (Rs 15 Crores)

2. DECOMPOSITION - PROPORTIONAL COST ALLOCATION - US \$ 0.45 Million/km (Rs 2.2 Crores)

3. INCRIMENTAL COSTS - US \$ 0.05 Million/km (Rs 25 Lakhs)

#### **PRINCIPLES**

- Network & Not Corridors
- 2. Connect busy places Avoid Busy Roads
- 3. We are a growing city. Hence add capacity take part of capacity created for BRTS
- 4. Develop full scale BRTS with all elements
- 5. Affordable fare Comparable with Auto Fare
- 6. Integrated system (Trunk-Complementary-Feeder)
- 7. TOD Hub & Increase FSI Along the corridor
- 8. Value Capture Sale of FSI
- 9. TDM (Pay & Park)

## **SURAT BRTS NETWORK**

#### PHASE 1 - JnNURM

Part Complete - Part Under Constn

- Year of Sanction 2008
- Start Year of implementation 2009
  - Phase 1 Corridors 30 km

  - Corridor 1 (10 km) Completion date 2013
     Corridor 2 (20 km) Completion date 2014

#### PHASE 2 - SMC/STATE

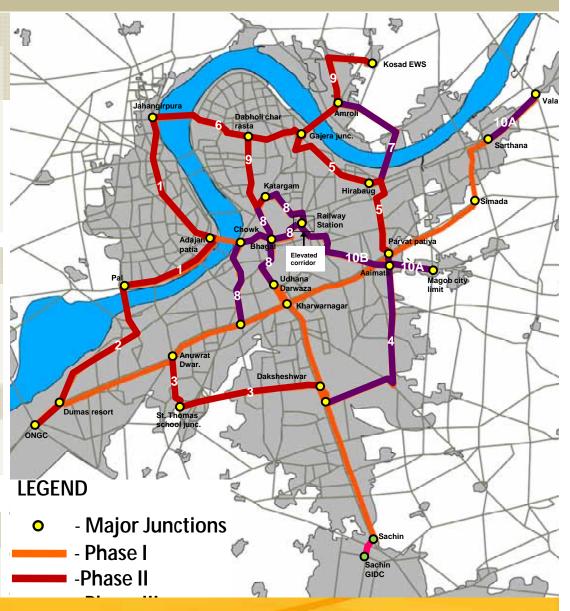
- Network length 42 kms
  - Under Construction

**PHASE 3-JnNURM (Proposed)** 

Network length - 30 kms

#### **PHASE 4 - Proposed**

• 3.5 km long elevated corridor connecting railway stn & city center



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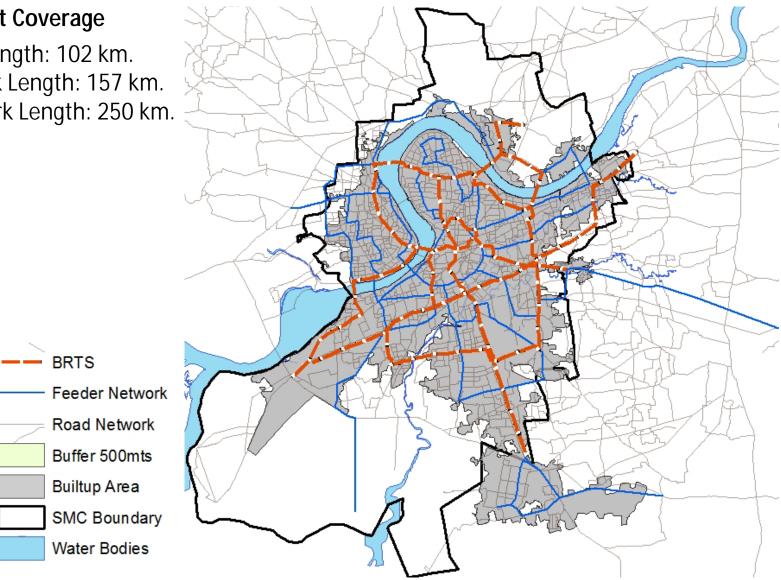
### **SURAT BRTS NETWORK**

### **Public Transport Coverage**

BRT Network Length: 102 km.

Feeder Network Length: 157 km.

Total PT Network Length: 250 km.

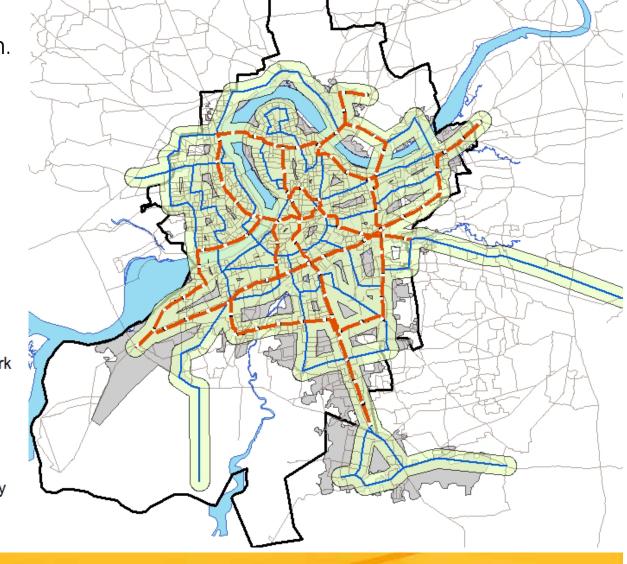


### **SURAT BRTS NETWORK**

BRT Network Length: 102 km. Feeder Network Length: 157 km. Total PT Network Length: 250 km.

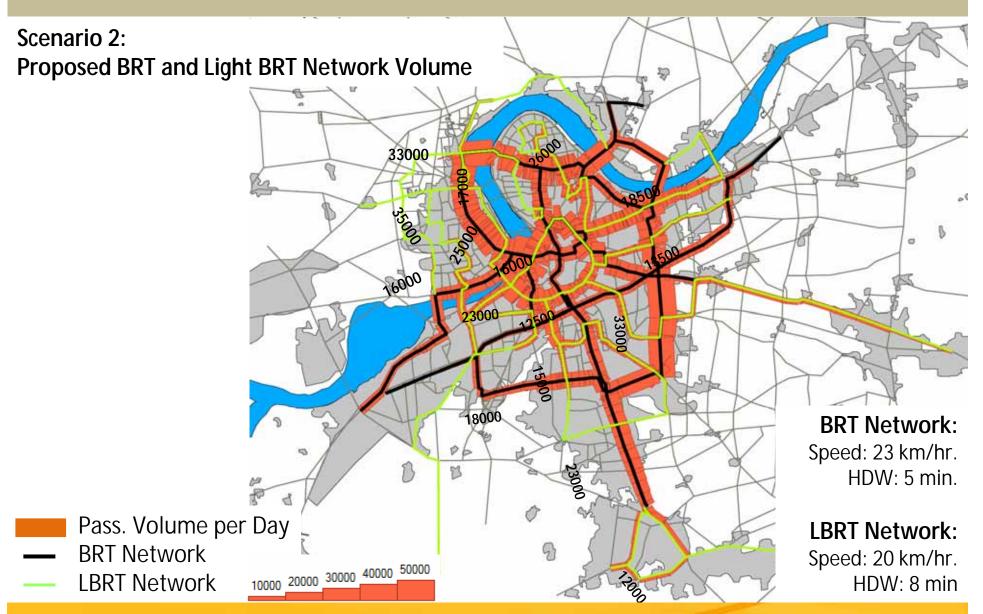
Built up coverage: 80%

Total Built up area: 166 sqkm. Built up covered: 133 sqkm

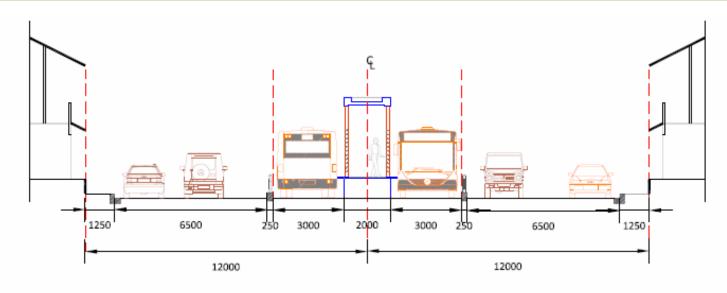


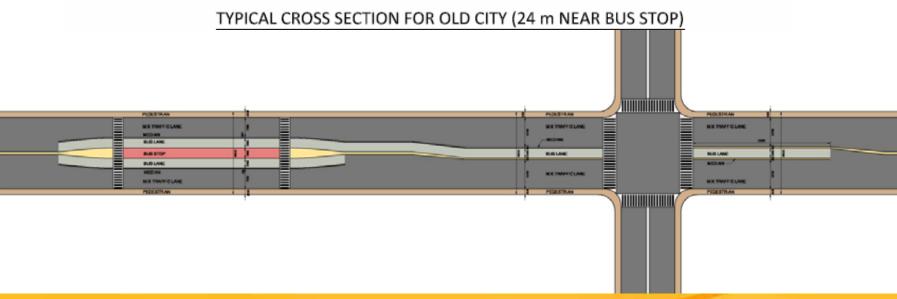
BRTS
Feeder Network
Road Network
Buffer 500mts
Builtup Area
SMC Boundary
Water Bodies

## **SURAT BRTS**



# **INNER CITY ACCESS** - Design Interventions







**Prototype Bus Station Completed** 



**Activity Area** 



**Prototype Bus Station Completed** 



Trees retained along Footpath

# Phase 1 - Ongoing Work at Udhana Sachin corridor



# Phase 1 - Ongoing Work at Canal Road



### **Glimpse from Surat BRTS**





### **Anuwart Dwar to Kharwarnagar**



### Before & After - Canal Road



# **Ahmedabad**

### Before & After - Anjali



# Surat



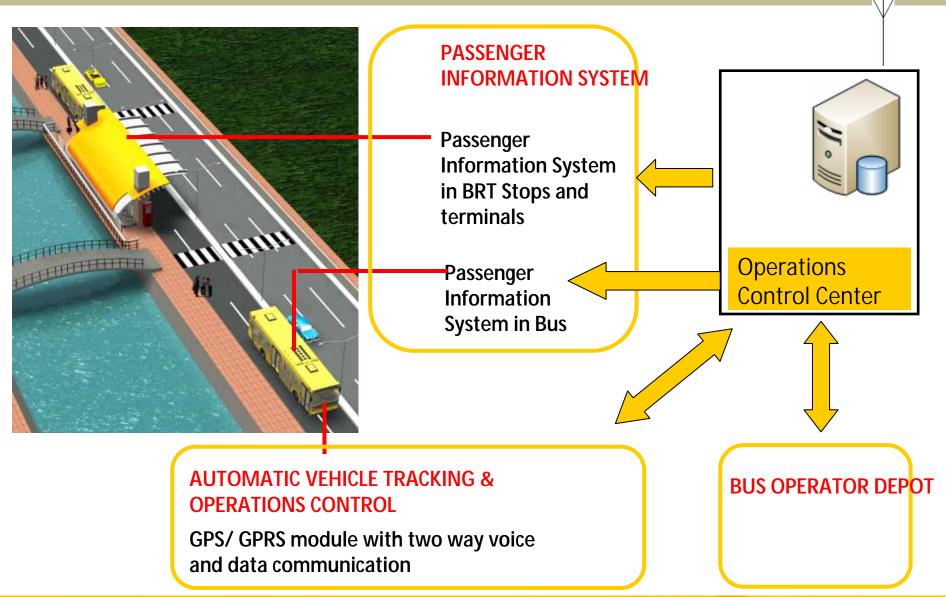
# Surat



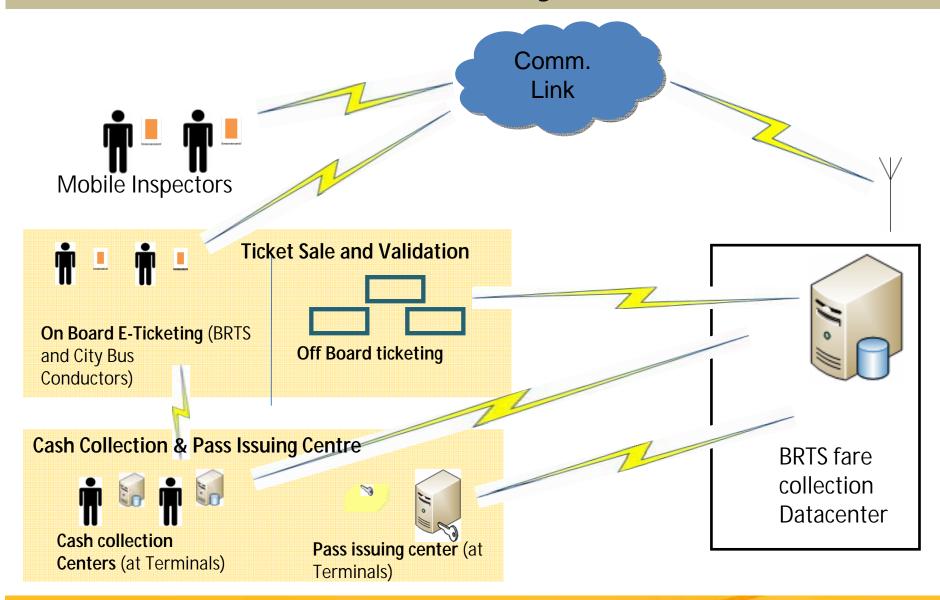
# SURAT BRTS ITS applications

Operations Control
Electronic Fare Collection
Passenger Information System
Traffic Signaling / ATC

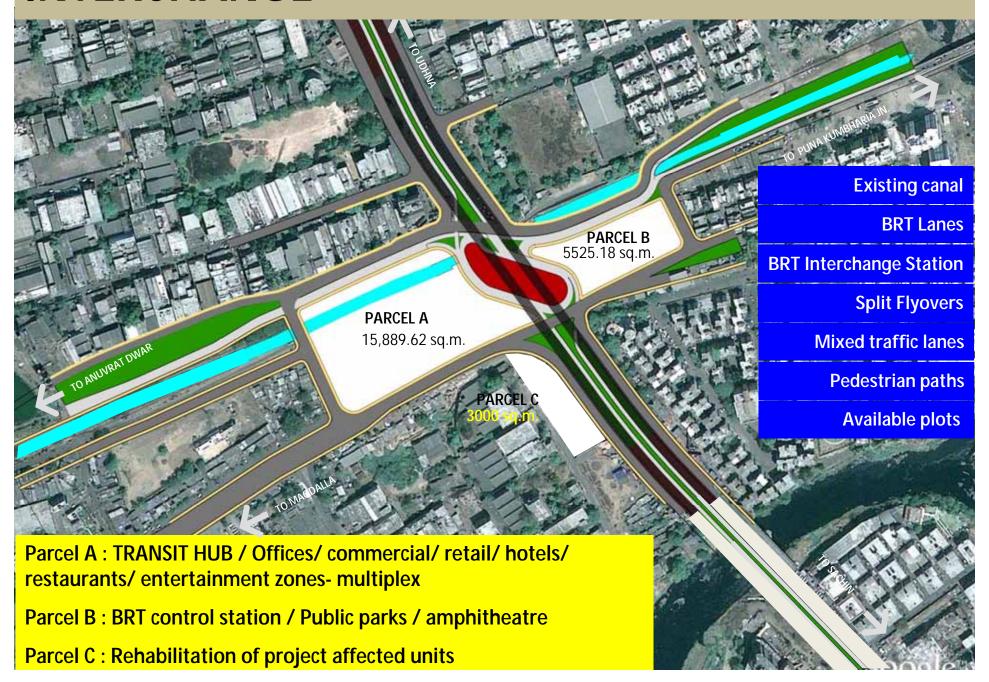
# Operations control & Passenger Information system



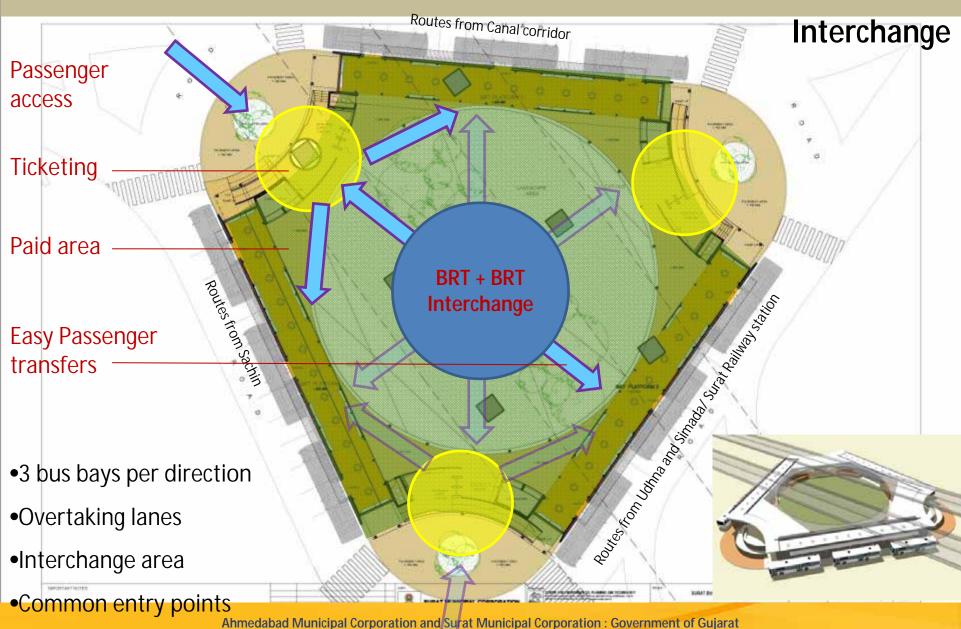
# Electronic fare collection system



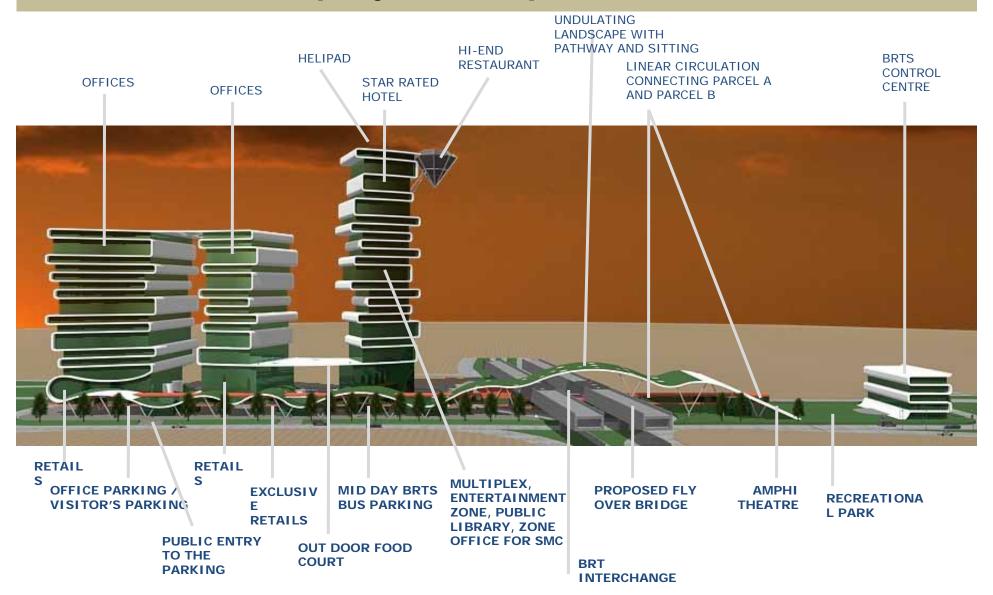
### **INTERCHANGE**



## Surat



## **INTERCHANGE** - project components



## **Ahmedabad**

### **Transit Oriented Development**



Source: AUDA DP 2021

### **AMTS Network Scenarios**

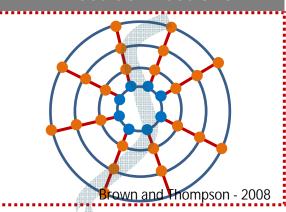
### **Immediate**



### **AMTS Rerouting**



### **Direct Connections**



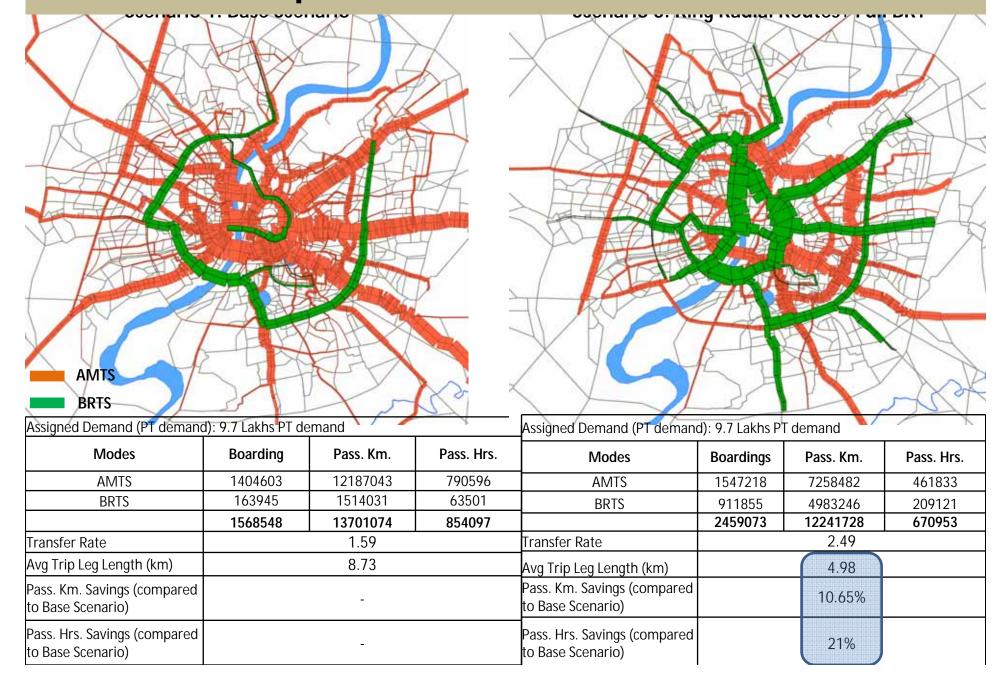
- •Phase out routes which are in direct competition with BRT
- •De Centralize Lal darwaja

- •Strenghtening the trunk routes
- •Complimenting and feeder routes for BRTS
- •Remove Overlapping
- •Routes from BRTS
- •Rerouting the routes from the BRT overlaps

### AMTS rapid

- •The transportation demand in Ahmedabad is largely radial
- •Strengthening existing radial routes and identifying new radial routes to provide AMTS Rapid\_

## **Scenarios Comparision**



# Thank you...

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